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Clipper Care Hints and Tips

- Always make sure the clipper is running before snapping on blade
- Always wash your animal before clipping them; dirt in a dog's coat can destroy the cutting surface of your blades.
- Never clip a wet dog, as it's too hard to get through the coat and water can cause the blades to rust.
- Always oil blades. This should be done before, during and after use and blade sets can be oiled while running. Do not over oil; after oiling before clipping wipe away the excess oil.
- The speed of a blade is dictated by the quality and strength of the motor in the clipper; as well as how well you lubricate the blade while you are clipping. Kool lube lubricates and cools your blade as you clip which helps to keep its movement free.
- When the blade is moving, friction creates heat which makes the blade hot. Kool lube helps to keep blades cool.
- Skip tooth blades cut faster though dense and matted hair but the clip is rough and not an attractive cut. Use a skip tooth blade for the first pass (Rough In) and then smooth your grooming with a full tooth blade.
- Smooth surfaces, the pads of a dogs feet, groin and tummy areas can usually be clipped very close with a #10 or #15 blade or lightly with a#30 or #40 blade to clean of the hair.
- Store your clean blades, coated with clipper oil or kool lube and wrapped in an airtight bag/container, to prevent corrosion from humidity.
- Plastic comb attachments should only be used on fine blades such as #40, #30, #15 and #10

NEVER wrap the cord around the clipper – this places undue stress on the cord.

For more information on blades, clippers, sharpening and any other helpful tips, contact B & R Clipper Blade Sharpening today!



